LISTING OF CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1-22. (Cancelled).

23. (Previously Presented): A method of treating a Flaviviridae Dengue virus infection of a mammal human, wherein the infection is mediated at least in part by the binding of a Flaviviridae Dengue virus effector molecule on the Flaviviridae Dengue virus to a DC-Specific ICAM-Grabbing Nonintegrin (DC-SIGN) receptor one or more DC-SIGN receptor selected from DC-Specific ICAM-Grabbing Nonintegrin (DC-SIGN) and DC-Specific ICAM-Grabbing Nonintegrin Related (DC-SIGNR) of the mammal human to be treated, the method comprising:

administering to the mammal human a molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor;

wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is administered in an amount sufficient to inhibit the binding of the *Flaviviridae* Dengue virus effector molecule to the DC-SIGN receptor to thereby treat the *Flaviviridae*Dengue virus infection.

24 and 25. (Cancelled).

- 26. (Original): The method of claim [[25]] 23, wherein the Dengue virus effector molecule is a molecular constituent of the Dengue virus envelope.
- 27. (Original): The method of claim 26, wherein the molecular constituent of the Dengue virus envelope is a Dengue virus envelope glycoprotein.
- 28. (Original): The method of claim 27, wherein the Dengue virus envelope glycoprotein is Dengue virus E glycoprotein.
- 29. (Currently Amended): The method of claim [[25]] 23, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor comprises a binding moiety of the Dengue virus effector molecule, wherein the binding moiety specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor.
- 30. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 28, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor comprises a binding moiety of the Dengue virus E glycoprotein, wherein the binding moiety specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor.
- 31. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 30, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is a recombinantly produced protein.

- 32. (Currently Amended): The method of claim [[25]] 23, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is an antibody.
- 33. (Original): The method of 32, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 34. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 33, wherein the mammal is a human and the monoclonal antibody is humanized.

35-71. (Cancelled).

- 72. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 23, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is a mannosylated molecule.
- 73. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 72, wherein the mannosylated molecule is mannan.

74 and 75. (Cancelled).

76. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 28, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is a mannosylated molecule.

77. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 76, wherein the mannosylated molecule is mannan.

78. (Currently Amended): A method of inhibiting entry of a Flaviviridae Dengue virus into a cell of a mammal human that expresses a DC-SIGN receptor one or more DC-SIGN receptor selected from DC-SIGN and DC-SIGNR, wherein entry of the Flaviviridae Dengue virus into the cell of the mammal human is mediated at least in part by binding of a Flaviviridae Dengue virus effector molecule on the Flaviviridae Dengue virus to the DC-SIGN receptor on the cell of the mammal human, the method comprising:

administering to the mammal human a molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor;

wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is administered in an amount sufficient to inhibit the binding of the *Flaviviridae* Dengue virus effector molecule to the DC-SIGN receptor to thereby inhibit entry of the *Flaviviridae* Dengue virus into the cell.

79-80. (Cancelled).

81. (Currently Amended): The method of claim [[80]] 78, wherein the Dengue virus effector molecule is a molecular constituent of the Dengue virus envelope.

- 82. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 81, wherein the molecular constituent of the Dengue virus envelope is a Dengue virus envelope glycoprotein.
- 83. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 82, wherein the Dengue virus envelope glycoprotein is Dengue virus E glycoprotein.
- 84. (Currently Amended): The method of claim [[80]] 78, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor comprises a binding moiety of the Dengue virus effector molecule, wherein the binding moiety specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor.
- 85. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 83, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor comprises a binding moiety of the Dengue virus E glycoprotein, wherein the binding moiety specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor.
- 86. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 85, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is a recombinantly produced protein.
- 87. (Currently Amended): The method of claim [[80]] 78, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is an antibody.

- 88. (Previously Presented): The method of 87, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 89. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 88, wherein the mammal is a human and the monoclonal antibody is humanized.
- 90. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 78, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is a mannosylated molecule.
- 91. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 90, wherein the mannosylated molecule is mannan.

92 and 93 (cancelled).

- 94. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 83, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is a mannosylated molecule.
- 95. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 94, wherein the mannosylated molecule is mannan.

96-101. (Cancelled).

- 102. (Withdrawn; Currently Amended): The method of claim [[80]] 78, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is a recombinantly produced protein.
- 103. (Withdrawn; Currently Amended): The method of claim [[96]] 29, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor comprises a binding moiety of the Dengue virus E glycoprotein, wherein the binding moiety specifically binds to the DC SIGN receptor.
- 104. (New): The method of claim 23, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor is a recombinantly produced protein.
- 105. (New): The method of claim 84, wherein the molecule that specifically binds to the DC-SIGN receptor comprises a binding moiety of the Dengue virus E glycoprotein, wherein the binding moiety specifically binds to the DC SIGN receptor.